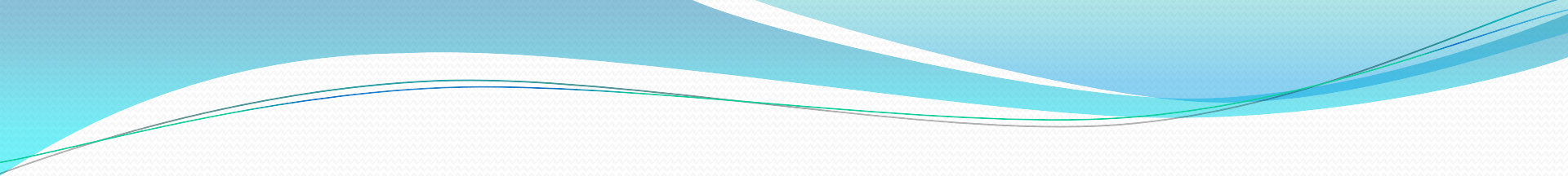


Industrial Revolution

By Fenia Rozakou

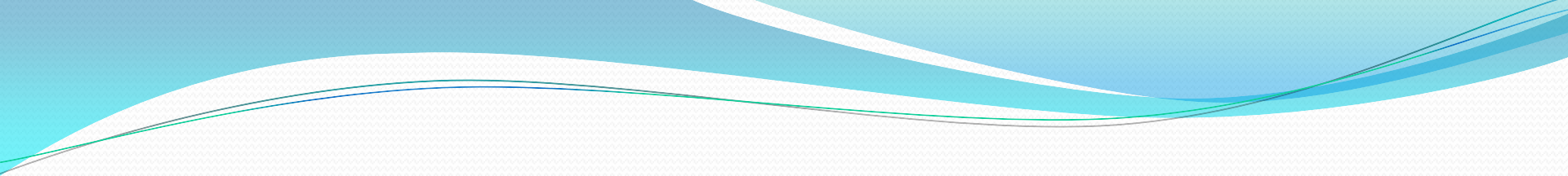


Industrial Revolution

The Industrial Revolution took place during the late 1700s and early 1800s. The Industrial Revolution began in Great Britain and quickly spread throughout the world; the American Industrial Revolution started between 1820 and 1870. It was then when agriculture was mechanised and a revolution in power, including steam ships and railroads, was introduced.

Impact

It is a period that left an impact on how people lived and the way businesses worked. Factory systems developed during the Industrial Revolution are responsible for capitalism and the modern cities of today. Production improved during the Industrial Revolution with inventions such as the steam engine. The time it took to manufacture products was reduced. Prices were reduced because of lower labor costs.



Innovation and employment

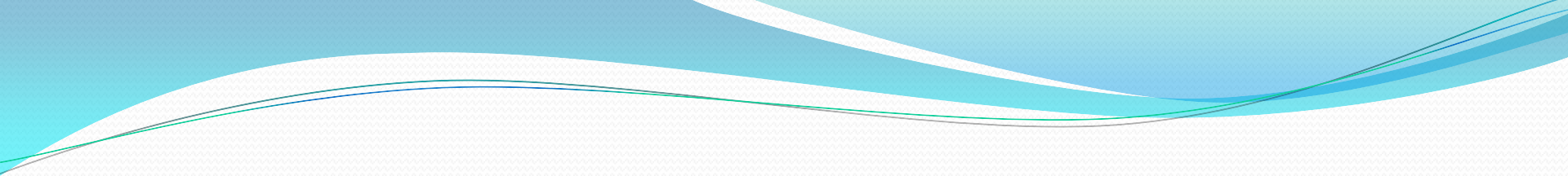
The Industrial Revolution improved people's lives. It created an increase in employment opportunities. Factories increased in number and employees were required to operate them; this had an impact on new and innovative products that resulted in several ground-breaking inventions that are still used today such as the telephone.

Medical advances

Due to Industrial Revolution advancements, there were improvements in health care. The Industrial Revolution brought the hope that technology and progress might result in the creation of a world without disease and suffering. Despite all the difficulties, more and more people could survive deadly diseases and infections.

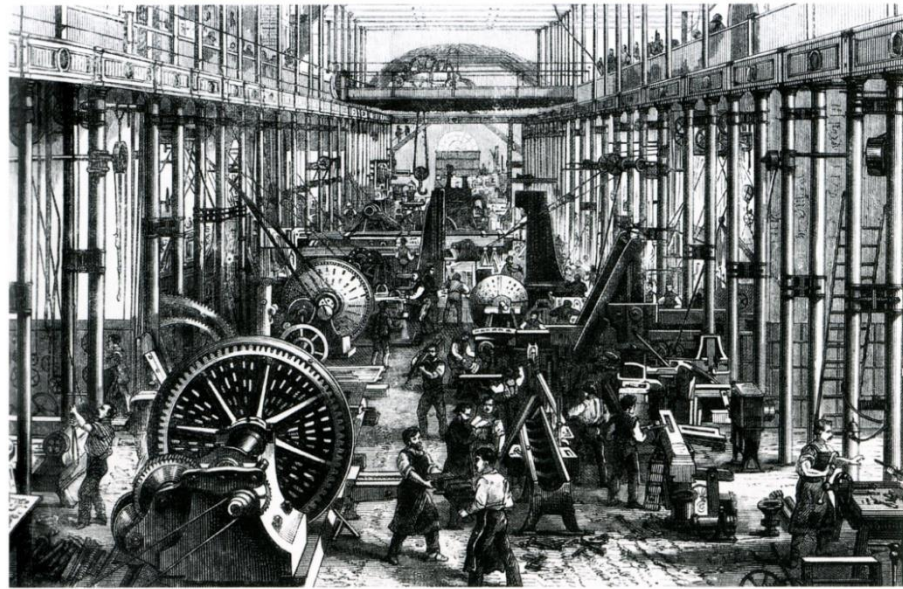
Pitfalls of the Industrial Revolution

Several major pitfalls developed as the Industrial Revolution progressed. Fewer people were involved in agriculture in order to work in city factories where they could earn a higher income. Less food was produced on farms.



Increased pollution was a major drawback of the Industrial Revolution. Before the sharp increase in factory numbers, there was a limited amount of pollution.

Profits were increased but workers started working longer hours.



THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

FROM ENGLAND TO NORTH AMERICA TO THE
WORLD