

Slavery



\$1200
TO
1250 DOLLARS!
FOR NEGROES!!

THE undersigned wishes to purchase a large lot of NEGROES for the New Orleans market. I will pay \$1200 to \$1250 for No. 1 young men, and \$550 to \$1000 for No. 1 young women. In fact I will pay more for likely

NEGROES,

THE MAN
IS NOT
BOUGHT!

HE IS STILL IN THE
SLAVE PEN
IN THE COURT HOUSE!

THE KIDNAPPER AGREED
Both Publicly, and in writing, to **SELL HIM**
FOR \$1200!

The sum was raised by citizens of Boston, and offered him. He then claimed more. The BARGAIN WAS BROKEN. THE
KIDNAPPER BREAKS HIS AGREEMENT!
Though even the UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER advised him to keep it.

BE ON YOUR GUARD AGAINST ALL LIES!
WATCH THE SLAVE PEN
Let Every Man attend the Trial!

From:
Ariadni Legaki and
Despina Gizopoulou

Martin Luther King

- Martin Luther King was a Baptist minister and social activist.
- He led the Civil Rights Movement in the United States.
- He was born on January 15, 1929 as Michael King.
- Martin Luther King was the middle child of Michael King and Alberta Williams King.
- He married Jennie Celeste Parks and they had one child that survived.

His life

- In 1948, Martin Luther King earned a sociology degree from Morehouse College and attended the liberal Crozer Theological Seminary in Chester, Pennsylvania.
- He also earned a fellowship for graduate study.
- After being accepted at several colleges for his doctoral study, including Yale and Edinburgh in Scotland, King enrolled in Boston University.
- During the work on this doctorate, Martin Luther King Jr. met Coretta Scott. They were married in June 1953 and had four children

[https://www.youtube.com/watch
?v=3vDWWy4CMhE](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3vDWWy4CMhE)

SEGREGATION

- Segregation= διαχωρισμός



Civil Rights Movements

- The Civil Rights Movement or 1960s Civil Rights Movement, sometimes anachronistically referred to as the "African-American Civil Rights Movement". Although the term "African-Americans" was not used in the 1960s, it encompasses social movements in the United States whose goals were to end racial segregation and discrimination against black Americans and to secure legal recognition and federal protection of the citizenship rights enumerated in the Constitution and federal law. This article covers the phase of the movement between 1954 and 1968, particularly in the South.



**THE
END**

Thank You

**FOR
WATCHING**