

THE VIETNAM WAR



The Vietnam War (also known in Vietnam as Resistance War Against America) was a war that occurred in Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia from the 1st of November 1955 to the fall of Saigon on 30 April 1975. This war followed the First Indochina War (1946–54) and was fought between North Vietnam—supported by the Soviet Union, China and other communist allies—and the government of South Vietnam supported by the United States and other anti-communist allies.





The following countries took part in the war:

Anti-communist forces:

South Vietnam
United States
South Korea
Australia
Thailand
New Zealand
Khmer Republic
Kingdom of Laos

Supported by:

Philippines
Taiwan
Canada
West Germany
United Kingdom
Iran
Spain

Communist forces:

North Vietnam
Viet Cong
Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam
Khmer Rouge
Pathet Lao

Supported by:

China
Soviet Union
Cuba
North Korea
Czechoslovakia

Bulgaria

DEAD PEOPLE:

About
1.950.000

WOUNDED:

About
2.000.000